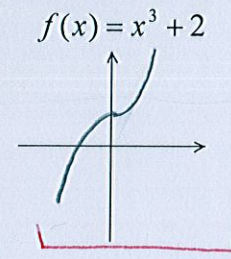
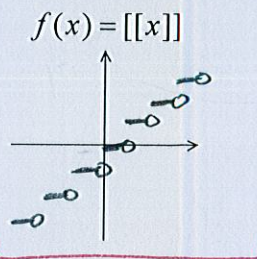
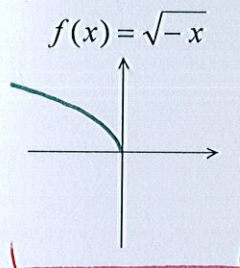
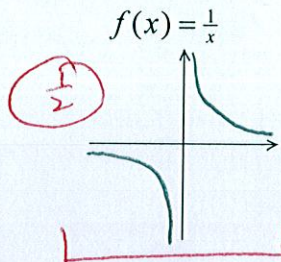


[] Sketch the following graphs.



[] Fill in the blanks.

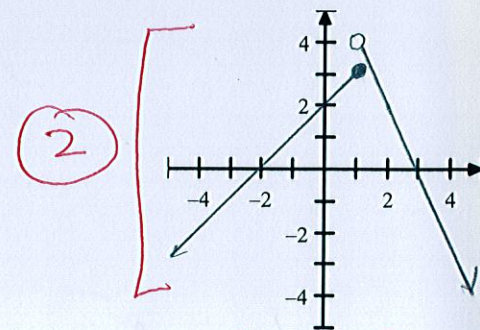
[a] An odd function is symmetric over THE ORIGIN.  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

[b] If the point  $(-2, -3)$  is on the graph of an even function, then the point  $(2, -3)$  must also be on the graph.

[c] The point  $(2, -\frac{1}{2})$  is on the graph of  $n(x) = 7 - x^3$ .

[] Sketch the graph of  $g(x) = \begin{cases} x+2, & x \leq 1 \\ 6-2x, & x > 1 \end{cases}$

ANSWER: DRAWN BELOW



[] Find the domain of  $h(x) = \sqrt{8-2x}$  algebraically.  
Write your answer in interval notation.

ANSWER:  $[-\infty, 4]$

$$\begin{aligned} 8-2x &\geq 0 \\ -2x &\geq -8 \\ x &\leq 4 \end{aligned}$$



[] If  $k(x) = \lfloor \lfloor 2x + 3 \rfloor \rfloor$ , find  $k(-4.1)$ .

ANSWER:

-6

$$\begin{aligned} & \lfloor \lfloor 2(-4.1) + 3 \rfloor \rfloor \\ &= \lfloor \lfloor -8.2 + 3 \rfloor \rfloor \\ &= \lfloor \lfloor -5.2 \rfloor \rfloor \\ &= -6 \end{aligned}$$

[] Find the average rate of change of  $p(x) = \frac{24}{x}$  from  $x_1 = -6$  to  $x_2 = 3$ .

ANSWER:

$\frac{4}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{p(3) - p(-6)}{3 - (-6)} \\ &= \frac{8 - (-4)}{3 - (-6)} \\ &= \frac{12}{9} = \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

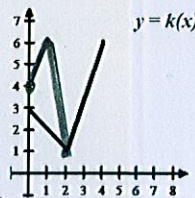
[] Is  $m(x) = -x^5 + 7x^3 - 3$  an odd function? Justify your answer algebraically.

ANSWER:

NO  
(YES OR NO)

$$\begin{aligned} m(-x) &= -(-x)^5 + 7(-x)^3 - 3 \\ &= x^5 - 7x^3 - 3 \\ -m(x) &= -(-x^5 + 7x^3 - 3) \\ &= x^5 - 7x^3 + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$m(-x) \neq -m(x)$$



The following questions all refer to the graph of  $k(x)$  on the right.

[] Find the range of  $k$ . Write your answer in interval notation.

ANSWER:

$[1, 6]$

[] Find all intervals over which  $k$  is decreasing. Write your answer in interval notation.

ANSWER:

$[0, 2]$

[] Sketch the graph of  $y = -k(2x) + 7$  on the axes above.

ANSWER:

**DRAWN ABOVE**

$(0, 3)$	REFLECT OVER X-AXIS	$(0, -3)$	SHIFT UP 7	$(0, 4)$	COMPRESS INTO y-AXIS FACTOR $\frac{1}{2}$	$(0, 4)$
$(2, 1)$	→	$(2, -1)$	→	$(2, 6)$	→	$(1, 6)$
$(4, 6)$	→	$(4, -6)$	→	$(4, 1)$	→	$(2, 1)$